

中文題目：腹部電腦斷層無法檢查到的不明原因消化道出血：小腸鏡檢查對小腸惡性腫瘤早期診斷的重要性

英文題目：Obscure gastrointestinal bleeding with negative abdominal computed tomography study: The importance of enteroscopy for early diagnosis of small bowel malignancy

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Abstract

Small bowel tumors are rare among all gastrointestinal (GI) cancers. The most common histological subtype is adenocarcinoma. Adenocarcinoma of the small bowel is difficult to diagnose, often presents at a late stage, and has a poor prognosis. We describe a case of a 58-year-old male patient with adenocarcinoma of the small intestine who presented to the hospital with nonspecific GI symptoms and obscure GI bleeding. An initial examination using upper gastrointestinal endoscopy and abdominal computed tomography revealed negative findings. The patient underwent subsequent enteroscopy with capsule endoscopy and double-balloon endoscopy, and an early-stage jejunal adenocarcinoma was finally diagnosed.